

Table 1. Circulation Properties at the Location of the Benthic Foraminiferal Cores, Pore Water Data Locations, and the Global Oceana

| Location<br>(years) | Name       | mS | mN | amacr | Delta(T) (degreeC) | Delta(Delta18Ow) (permil) | Delta(Delta18Oc) (permil) |
|---------------------|------------|----|----|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Iberian Margin      | MD99-2334K |    | 13 | 81    | 419                | 3.66                      | 0.81                      |
| Eastern Pacific     | TR163-31B  |    | 74 | 23    | 1264               | 2.35                      | 1.20                      |
| Bermuda Rise        | ODP 1063   |    | 12 | 84    | 438                | 3.28                      | 0.79                      |
| Feni Drift          | ODP 981 6  |    | 88 | 118   | 4.20               | 0.79                      | 1.92                      |
| Chatham Rise        | ODP 1123   |    | 80 | 18    | 719                | 2.04                      | 1.28                      |
| Shona Rise          | ODP 1093   |    | 65 | 33    | 596                | 1.85                      | 1.28                      |
| Global Ocean        |            | 56 | 31 | 715   | 2.71               | 1.04                      | 1.77                      |

aBenthic foraminiferal cores from Skinner and Shackleton [2005]; pore water data locations from Adkins et al. [2002]. The columns refer to the percentage of water originating from a southern source (mS) or a northern source (mN) where the exact surface source regions are defined later, the mean age of waters (amacr), and the absolute value of the LGM-modern difference in temperature, Delta18Ow, and Delta18Oc (Delta(T), Delta(Delta18Ow), and Delta(Delta18Oc)). The entries are presented with more significant digits than warranted by their remaining uncertainty in order to detail this scenario.