Rapport interne LPO/15<mark>-</mark>13

UMR 6523	DELAYED MODE QUALITY CONTROL		
Laboratoire de	OF OVIDE ARGO DATA		
Physique des Océans	FLOAT WMO 6900451		
Date : 27 octobre 2015	Auteurs : Lagadec Catherine Thierry Virginie Cabanes Cécile	Archivage : LPO	

Liste de diffusion :

LPO

Carole Despinoy (ODE/LPO)

DELAYED MODE QUALITY CONTROL OF OVIDE ARGO DATA FLOAT WMO 6900451

Internal Report LPO 15-13

C. Lagadec - V. Thierry - C. Cabanes

December 21, 2015

Number	Deployment (cycle OD)	Last cycle	
	cycle OD	203	
Provor	26/06/2006		
WMO 6900451	23 h 00		
CTS3 05-S3-40	61.999 N		
	$34.993 \ W$		
Date of control	Float status	Last cycle	
Feb. 2010	DEAD	17/01/2012	
Coriolis transmission		11/04/2012	
Date of last control	Float status	Last cycle	
October 2015	DEAD	17/01/2012 (+52)	
Coriolis	29/10/2015		

1 Presentation and DMQC summary

Table 1: Status of the float

Warning: Note that all the figures are plotted with the latest QC flag values (the modifications mentionned table 2 are taken into account).

1.1 QC flag checks and interesting profiles

Cycle	Para-	Vertical level	Old	New	Comments	Coriolis transm
U	meter		flag	flag		
3A	TEMP	1,2	4	1		17/05/201
all cycles	PSAL	1	1	4	untrustable	17/05/201
(except 0D,74A)		(PRES inf 5)			data	
67	TEMP,PSAL	0-500 dbar			mixed layer	
113,116	TEMP,PSAL	1,2			TEMP sup.	
					28 degrees	
128	PSAL	1200-1800 dbar			interesting	
176	TEMP,PSAL	about 950m	4	1		27/03/12
184	PSAL	about 800m	4	1		27/03/12
52		profile decoded in june 2015				

Table 2: Float 6900451. Summary of the modifications of the real-time QC flags and of the interesting or suspicous data.

Warning : the resolution is equal to 50 dbar from the surface to 500 dbar, then 60 dbar from 500 to 2000 dbar. Salinity data between 0 and 5 dbar are suspicious because they are acquired when the pump of the CTD is turned off.

1.2 Salinity correction from the OW method

We cannot see any evidence of a drift or bias in the salinity measurement. We thus conclude that it is not necessary to correct the salinity data. Errors bars are maximum

value between 0.01 and those determined from the OW method with parameters from the OW configuration 129.

OW CONFIGURATION	129		
CONFIG_MAX_CASTS	250		
MAP_USE_PV	1		
MAP_USE_PV_ELLIPSE	1		
MAP_USE_FACTEUR	1		
MAPSCALE_LONGITUDE_LARGE	3.2		
MAPSCALE_LONGITUDE_SMALL	0.8		
MAPSCALE_LATITUDE_LARGE	2		
MAPSCALE_LATITUDE_SMALL	0.5		
MAPSCALE_PHI_LARGE	0.1		
MAPSCALE_PHI_SMALL	0.02		
MAPSCALE_AGE	0.69		
MAP_P_EXCLUDE	500		
MAP_P_DELTA	250		
Reference data base	CTD and ARGO		

Table 3: Parameters of the OW method.

2 Data





Figure 1: Profiles position and relationship between cycle number, date and color.



Figure 2: Battery Voltage and Surface Pressure



Figure 3: θ /S diagrams. (Left panel) Flags are not taken into account. (Right panel) Quality flags are taken into account.



Float WMO 6900451 - TEMP

Figure 4: Temperature section along the float trajectory. Quality flags are not taken into account.



Figure 5: Salinity section along the float trajectory. Quality flags are not taken into account.



Float WMO 6900451 - PRES

Figure 6: Pression as fonction of cycle number and vertical level index along the float trajectory. Quality flags are taken into account.



Figure 7: Potential temperature, salinity and potential density sections along the float trajectory (interpolated on standard levels). Quality flags are taken into account.



Figure 8: Salinity, Potential Temperature and Potential Density profiles. Quality flags are taken into account.



3 Comparison to the OVIDE 2006 nearest CTD profile

Figure 9: Comparison of the cycle 0A with the nearest CTD profile done after the float deployment.

4 Cycle 3 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 10: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 3. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 11: Float 6900451, cycle 3. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.





Figure 12: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 3. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 13: Float 6900451, cycle 3. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ /S diagrams.

6 Cycle 67 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 14: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 67. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 15: Float 6900451, cycle 67. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.





Figure 16: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 67. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 17: Float 6900451, cycle 67. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

8 Cycle 113 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 18: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 113. Upper panel: Position of the analysed CTD profile (red) and of the nearest CTD profiles (black). The nearest CTD profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed CTD profile (stars) and for the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest CTD profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).





Figure 19: Float 6900451, cycle 113. The analysed CTD profile (stars) is compared to the nearest CTD profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta) and the nearest CTD profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ /S diagrams.



9 Cycle 113 - Comparaison to the nearest ARGO profiles

Figure 20: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 113. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 21: Float 6900451, cycle 113. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

10 Cycle 116 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 22: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 116. Upper panel: Position of the analysed CTD profile (red) and of the nearest CTD profiles (black). The nearest CTD profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed CTD profile (stars) and for the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest CTD profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 23: Float 6900451, cycle 116. The analysed CTD profile (stars) is compared to the nearest CTD profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta) and the nearest CTD profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

11 Cycle 116 - Comparaison to the nearest ARGO profiles



Figure 24: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 116. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 25: Float 6900451, cycle 116. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ /S diagrams.

12 Cycle 128 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 26: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 128. Upper panel: Position of the analysed CTD profile (red) and of the nearest CTD profiles (black). The nearest CTD profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed CTD profile (stars) and for the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest CTD profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 27: Float 6900451, cycle 128. The analysed CTD profile (stars) is compared to the nearest CTD profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta) and the nearest CTD profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.





Figure 28: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 128. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 29: Float 6900451, cycle 128. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

14 Cycle 176 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 30: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 176. Upper panel: Position of the analysed CTD profile (red) and of the nearest CTD profiles (black). The nearest CTD profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed CTD profile (stars) and for the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest CTD profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 31: Float 6900451, cycle 176. The analysed CTD profile (stars) is compared to the nearest CTD profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest CTD profile in time (magenta) and the nearest CTD profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed CTD profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

15 Cycle 176 - Comparaison to the nearest ARGO profiles



Figure 32: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 176. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).





Figure 33: Float 6900451, cycle 176. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

16 Cycle 184 - Comparaison to the nearest historical CTD profiles



Figure 34: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 184. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 35: Float 6900451, cycle 184. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ /S diagrams.



17 Cycle 184 - Comparaison to the nearest ARGO profiles

Figure 36: Flotteur 6900451, cycle 184. Upper panel: Position of the analysed Argo profile (red) and of the nearest Argo profiles (black). The nearest Argo profile in time is in magenta while the nearest CTD profile in space is in blue. Lower panels: Temperature, salinity and potential density as function of pressure for the analysed Argo profile (stars) and for the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta line) and for the nearest Argo profile in space (blue line). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4).



Figure 37: Float 6900451, cycle 184. The analysed Argo profile (stars) is compared to the nearest Argo profiles (black line) and to two specific profiles: the nearest Argo profile in time (magenta) and the nearest Argo profile in space (blue). The color of the analysed Argo profile represents the QC flag (green for a QC=1; blue for a QC=2; orange for a QC=3 and red for a QC=4). (Upper panels) Temperature (left panel), salinity (middle panel) and potential density (right panel) as function of pressure. (Lower panels) θ/S diagrams.

Salinity

Salinity

18 OW method, CONFIGURATION # 129



Figure 38: Figures from the OW method. (Left) Position of the historical and float data. (Right) Comparison, on various θ levels, between the float data and the historical data interpolated at the float position.



Figure 39: Figures from the OW method. Compararison of the θ /S diagram of the float with the historial database. (left) raw data; (right) corrected data using the OW correction.



Figure 40: Figures from the OW method. Salinity anomaly:(left) raw data; (right) corrected data using the OW correction.



Figure 41: Correction proposed by the OW method.



Figure 42: Chosed levels by the OW method.