

S5 Fig: Shell length (A, B) as derived via measurements made by CT scan plotted against shell  $\underline{SEP}$  length as derived by measuring using a binocular microscope for all samples of *S. subula* (Sub) and  $\underline{SEP}$  *C. inflexa* (Cav). Solid grey line represents the linear regression between the two groups, dashed  $\underline{SEP}$  line represents a 1:1 regression, which would equate to exactly the same values derived by both  $\underline{SEP}$  measurements techniques. (C, D) As above, for shell width.  $\underline{SEP}$ 

Reproducibility was assessed by replica analysis of the carbonate rhomb standard and an individual *S. subula* specimen that was analysed multiple times. CT based measurements were compared to measurements taken with a light microscope, which gives an opportunity to assess potential biases in both approaches. Individual standard analyses is given are supplementary tables. Average values for the petropod standard +/- one standard deviation

are from n = 15 analyses. Average thickness ( $\mu$ m): 40.8 +/- 3.6, volume (mm): 0.943 +/- 0.176: Surface area (mm): 53.702 +/- 10.1. The data indicate that for these samples the surface area determination is the least precise and the volume the most precise. Calcite rhomb data was used to assess the precision of dimension measurements in particular. Average standard data from n = 28 analyses. Average Volume = 4.12 +/- 0.07. Dimension 1: 2.00 +/- 0.05, Dimension 2: 1.99 +/- 0.05.