



Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems

Supporting Information for

Link between Indian monsoon rainfall and physical erosion in the Himalayan system during the Holocene

Ronan Joussain^{a,b*}, Zhifei Liu^b, Christophe Colin^a, Stéphanie Duchamp-Alphonse^a, Zhaojie Yu^a, Eva Moréno^c, Léa Fournier^d, Sébastien Zaragozi^d, Arnaud Dapoigny^e, Laure Meynadier^f, Franck Bassinot^e

^a Laboratoire GEOsciences Paris-Sud (GEOPS), UMR 8148, CNRS-Université de Paris-Sud, Université Paris-Saclay, Bâtiment 504, 91405 Orsay Cedex, France.

^b State Key Laboratory of Marine Geology, Tongji University, Shanghai 200092, China

^c Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle (MNHN), UMR 7207, 75231 Paris Cedex 05, France

^d UMR CNRS 5805 EPOC, Université de Bordeaux, Bâtiment B18, 33615 Pessac Cedex, France

^e Laboratoire des Sciences du Climat et de l'Environnement, LSCE/IPSL, CEA-CNRS-UVSQ, Université Paris-Saclay, F-91191 Gif-sur-Yvette, France

^f Equipe de Géochimie et Cosmochimie, Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris – Sorbonne Paris Cité, UMR 7154, Université Paris Diderot, Paris, France

Contents of this file

Tables S1 to S2

Introduction

These two tables regroup this dataset used for this article. Clay assemblages (S1) and Major elements composition (S2).

Table S1. Clay assemblage from Composite Core MD12-3418/MD12-3417.

Table S2. Major elements composition from Composite Core MD12-3418/MD12-3417