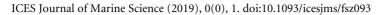
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Corrigendum

Farmer monitoring reveals the effect of tidal height on mortality risk of oysters during a herpesvirus outbreak

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The caption of Figure 5a inadvertently switched between submission and revision. This has now been corrected.

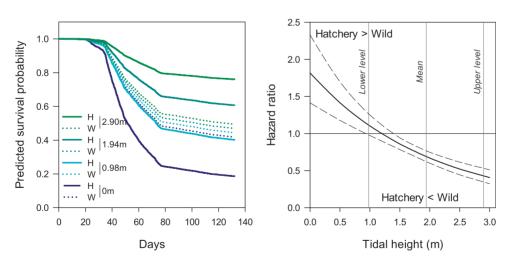


Figure 5. (a) Predicted survival probability curves of oysters as a function of tidal height and origin of oysters. (b) Hazard ratio of hatchery vs. wild oysters as a function of tidal height. Day 0 corresponds to 8 May 2013. Tidal height of 0 m represents permanent immersion whereas 0.98, 1.94, and 2.9 m were the lowest, the average, and the highest level recorded in our study. Values predicted at tidal height <0.98 m are extrapolations. Abbreviations: H, hatchery and W, wild.

An error has been corrected on page 4 in the last paragraph, line 13.

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International Council for the Exploration of the Sea The sentence previously stated: "Also, survival of oysters injected with viral particle concentration (Paul-Pont et al., 2015; Segarra et al., 2016)."

This has been corrected to: "Also, survival of oysters injected with OsHV-1 decreases with increasing viral particle concentration (Paul-Pont et al., 2015; Segarra et al., 2016)."

The authors apologize for these errors.