Design and Biological Evaluation of Antifouling Dihydrostilbene Oxime Hybrids

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General Experimental Procedures

¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra were acquired on a Varian 7000e 400 MHz spectrometer. ¹H Chemical shifts are reported in δ values relative to tetramethylsilane and referenced to the residual solvent peak (CD₃OD: $\delta_{\rm H}$ = 3.310, $\delta_{\rm C}$ = 49.00 ppm; CDCl₃: $\delta_{\rm H}$ = 7.26 ppm, $\delta_{\rm C}$ = 77.16 ppm). Coupling constants are reported in Hz. High-resolution mass spectroscopy was recorded on an LTQ Orbitrap XL Hybrid Fourier transform mass spectrometer from Thermo Scientific. Infrared spectra were recorded on an Avatar 320 FT-IR spectrometer from Nicolet. Solvents and reagents were purchased from commercial suppliers and used without further purification. Air-sensitive reactions were carried out under an argon atmosphere. Thin-layer chromatography was carried out on aluminum-backed plates coated with silica gel and visualized under UV light at 254 nm and ethanolic vanillin dip. Chromatography was carried out on silica gel using petroleum ether and ethyl acetate as eluents. All the compounds were tested at the purity shown in the SI. Names for novel compounds are depicted in italics. Spectral data for reported compounds is included if previously reported experimental data is incomplete. 3,4,N-Trimethoxy-N-methyl-benzamide (Yamazaki et al., 2012) and N,3,5-trimethoxy-N-methyl benzamide (Romines et al., 2006) were prepared accordingly to a reported protocol.

Synthesis of compounds 7-15

Compounds synthesised using Method A (see main text)

1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-ethane (8)



Acylation (Medarde et al., 1994): 67% yield (0.7 mmol scale). Oxime formation: 93% yield (0.1 mmol scale). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3427, 1601, 1511, 1252, 1225, 1021, 964 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.26 (1H, d, *J* = 2.1 Hz), 7.15 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.1 Hz), 7.06 (2H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.87 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 6.65 (2H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 4.06 (2H, s), 3.81 (3H, s), 3.78 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 158.0, 156.7, 151.2, 150.1, 130.7, 130.4, 129.5, 121.0, 116.2, 112.2, 110.9, 56.3, 56.3, 31.6; HRMS *m/z* 310.1055 (calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NNaO₄: 310.1050).

1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-ethane (9)



Acylation (Napolitano et al., 1983): 63% yield (0.6 mmol scale): IR (neat) ν_{max} 1672, 1513, 1417, 1242, 1149, 816 cm⁻¹ ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.65 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 7.23 – 7.16 (2H, m), 6.89 – 6.79 (3H, m), 4.18 (2H, s), 3.93

(3H, s), 3.91 (3H, s), 3.78 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 101 MHz) δ 196.8, 158.6, 153.4, 149.2, 130.4, 129.9, 127.1, 123.5, 114.2, 110.8, 110.1, 56.2, 56.1, 55.4, 44.4; HRMS *m/z* 309.1101 (calcd for C₁₇H₁₈NaO₄: 309.1097). Oxime formation: 69% yield (0.1 mmol scale). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3443, 2549, 1693, 1510, 1243, 1178, 1023, 817, 764 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.27 (1H, d, *J* = 1.9 Hz), 7.15 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 7.13 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.1 Hz), 6.87 – 6.82 (1H, m), 6.76 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 4.08 (2H, s), 3.78 (3H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.70 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 159.5, 157.8, 151.2, 150.1, 131.3, 130.7, 130.4, 120.9, 114.8, 112.2, 110.9, 56.3, 56.3, 55.6, 31.5; HRMS *m/z* 324.1211 (calcd for C₁₇H₁₉NNaO₄: 324.1206).

1-(3-methoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-ethane (11)



Acylation: 46% yield (0.6 mmol scale): ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 7.62 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.89 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 196.8, 158.6, 150.5, 146.8, 130.4, 129.6, 127.1, 124.2, 114.2, 114.0, 110.5, 56.1, 55.4, 44.3. Oxime formation: 83% yield (0.1 mmol scale). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3384, 1509, 1244, 1224, 1028 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.23 (1H, d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 7.15 (2H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 7.05 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.0 Hz), 6.77 (2H, d, *J* = 8.7 Hz), 6.72 (1H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 4.07 (2H, s), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.71 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 159.5, 158.2, 148.7, 148.7, 131.3, 130.7, 129.2, 121.1, 115.8, 114.8, 110.8, 56.3, 55.6, 31.6; HRMS *m/z* 310.1054 (calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NNaO₄: 310.1050).

1-(3-methoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-ethane (12)



Acylation (Ley et al., 2012): 48% yield (0.7 mmol scale). Oxime formation: 74% yield (0.1 mmol scale). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3327, 1596, 1512, 1261, 1220, 1173, 1028 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.22 (1H, d, *J* = 1.9 Hz), 7.06 (2H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 7.05 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.1 Hz), 6.72 (1H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 6.65 (2H, d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 4.04 (2H, s), 3.80 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 158.4, 156.6, 148.7, 148.6, 130.7, 129.6, 129.3, 121.1, 116.2, 115.8, 110.9, 56.3, 31.7; HRMS *m/z* 296.0898 (calcd for C₁₅H₁₅NNaO₄: 296.0893).

1-(3-methoxy-4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-(3'-hydroxyphenyl)-ethane (13)



Acylation: 66% yield (0.7 mmol scale): IR (neat) v_{max} 3392, 3200, 1577, 1454, 1274, 1223, 1126, 692 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.63 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.0 Hz), 7.55 (1H, d, *J* = 1.9 Hz), 7.10 (1H, t, *J* = 7.8 Hz), 6.85 (1H, d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 6.77 – 6.68 (2H, m), 6.64 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.2, 2.1 Hz), 4.17 (2H, s), 3.87 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 199.0, 158.6, 153.4, 149.0, 138.2, 130.6, 129.9, 125.4, 121.6, 117.2, 115.8, 114.6, 112.5, 56.4, 45.9; HRMS *m/z* 281.0788 (calcd for C₁₅H₁₄NaO₄: 281.0784). Oxime formation: 74% yield (0.1 mmol scale). IR (neat) v_{max} 3350, 1587, 1516, 1259, 1220, 1028, 965, 741 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.24 (1H, d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 7.05 (1H, dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.1 Hz), 7.04 (1H, t, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 6.75 – 6.67 (3H, m), 6.57 (1H, dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.0 Hz), 4.08 (2H, s), 3.81 (3H, s); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 158.5, 157.8, 148.7, 148.7, 140.4, 130.3, 129.3, 121.1*, 116.6, 115.8, 114.0, 110.8, 56.3, 32.5 *Corresponds to two carbon signals; HRMS *m/z* 274.1078 (calcd for C₁₅H₁₆NO₄: 274.1074).

1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-(3'-methoxy-4'-hydroxyphenyl)-ethane (14)



Acylation (Barclay et al., 1994): 79% yield (0.5 mmol scale). Oxime formation: 84% yield (0.1 mmol scale). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3293, 1602, 1513, 1271, 1250, 1224, 1146, 1020 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.27 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.87 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 158.0, 151.2, 150.1, 149.1, 146.3, 130.5, 129.8, 122.3, 121.0, 116.3, 113.4, 112.2, 111.0, 56.3*, 56.3, 32.0 *Corresponds to two carbon signals; HRMS *m/z* 340.1158 (calcd for C₁₇H₁₉NNaO₅: 340.1155).

Compounds synthesised using Method B (see main text)

1-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1-hydroxyimino-2-phenylethane (7)



Grignard (Kaito et al., 2006) 74% yield (0.3 mmol scale). Oxime formation:(Chen et al., 2016) 70% yield (0.2 mmol scale). IR (neat) ν_{max} 3446, 3221, 1601, 1514, 1252, 1227, 1023, 717 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 400 MHz) δ 7.28 (1H, d, *J* = 2.1 Hz), 7.25 – 7.17 (4H, m), 7.15 – 7.10 (2H, m), 6.82 (1H, d, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 4.16 (2H, s,), 3.77 (3H, s), 3.75 (3H, s); ¹³C

NMR (CD₃OD, 101 MHz) δ 157.4, 151.2, 150.1, 138.8, 130.3, 129.7, 129.4, 127.1, 120.9, 112.2, 110.8, 56.3, 56.3, 32.3; HRMS *m*/*z* 294.1102 (calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NNaO₃: 294.1101).







Figure S2. 13 C-NMR of **7** in CD₃OD.







Figure S4. ¹³C-NMR of **8** in CD₃OD.



Figure S5. ¹H-NMR of 9 in CD₃OD.



Figure S6. 13 C-NMR of **9** in CD₃OD.







Figure S8. ¹³C-NMR of **10** in CD₃OD.







Figure S10. ¹³C-NMR of **11** in CD₃OD.



Figure S11. ¹H-NMR of **12** in CD₃OD.



Figure S12. ¹³C-NMR of **12** in CD₃OD.



Figure S13. ¹H-NMR of **13** in CD₃OD.



Figure S14. ¹³C-NMR of 13 in CD₃OD.



Figure S15. ¹H-NMR of **14** in CD₃OD.



Figure S16. ¹³C-NMR of **14** in CD₃OD.









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