

Newsletter 9

June 2022

Project carried out by



In partnership with













RESULTS

Started at the end of 2018-beginning of 2019, the "Indian Ocean sea Turtles" (IOT) project carried out by the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer in collaboration with the Montpellier Laboratory of Computer Science, Robotics and Microelectronics (LIRMM-CNRS), the Seychelles Islands Foundation (SIF) the French Southern and Antarctic Lands (TAAF), the Mayotte Departmental Council, the Mayotte Natural Marine Park (PNMM-OFB) and Oulanga Na Nyamba, has made it possible, after several years of research, to develop a **new generation of** innovative, low-cost **tags** that are adapted to the questions of scientists. Developed to monitor the movements and behaviour of juvenile green and hawksbill turtles within the framework of this project, these tags could in future be deployed on other marine animals.





Forty IOT tags using the LoRa (Long Range) transmission system based on connected object technology were deployed on turtles in Europa (Eparses Islands), Mayotte, Reunion Island and Aldabra (Seychelles). A solar version with solar panels was even produced and tested on a turtle from Europa (shallow lagoon) to increase the battery life of the tag. Several receiving stations have also been installed at certain sites, allowing scientists to receive data whenever a turtle comes to the surface to breathe. In order to

ensure this link, satellite stations were set up on the most isolated sites that do not have an internet connection. At the same time, the project was able to benefit from the LoRa network of the company Orange deployed on Reunion Island and Mayotte in order to strengthen the reception network.

One of the expected objectives of the project was that the installation of the receiving station network could be easily implemented by non-specialists. This proved to be the case on Aldabra, where SIF agents were able to deploy several receiving stations in total autonomy after having received training and advice from Ifremer and LIRMM. A big congratulations!

A total of **98,290 messages** were received by Ifremer scientists, with an average of 2,405 messages received per turtle at all sites. Each message contains data on the water temperature, the turtle's dive profile (depth, dive time, surface time) and information on the tag (battery level, for example) and on the receiving station that received the message. The information collected also provides information on the average duration of transmissions, ranging from 13 days (Reunion Island) to 100 days (Europa), as well as the maximum duration of transmission, which is **170 days** for a tag deployed on an Aldabra turtle.



Temperature data recorded by IOT tags - example of Mayotte © Ifremer







Dive times and surface times (minimum/maximum) transmitted by IOT tags © Ifremer



Example of a dive profile of a turtle from Reunion Island © Ifremer



VISUALIZATION TOOL

As part of his work-study programme (Master 2 in Computer Science) within the Indian Ocean delegation, Alexandre BOYER has developed a tool dedicated to the analysis and sharing of data collected by IOT tags. This online **visualisation tool**, initially intended for project partners and until the data can be published by the project team, allows for both secure online data storage and easy access for scientists.



Home interface of the IOT project data sharing and visualisation website © Ifremer



Example of information available on the IOT project data sharing and visualisation website © Ifremer

FINAL RESTITUTION

On Thursday 9 June 2022, the **final feedback meeting** of the IOT project was held at Ifremer's premises in Reunion Island by videoconference in the presence of all the project partners.

This final meeting provided an opportunity to review the major stages of the project at the end of three and a half years of development, testing and deployment of the new tags and the network of receiving stations on the four study sites across the south-western Indian Ocean (Reunion Island, Mayotte, Europa in the Scattered Islands and Aldabra atoll in the Seychelles). The partners were able to discuss the results and research prospects for the future, with the aim of improving these tags and applying them to other marine species.



Final restitution of the IOT project in Ifremer's premises in Reunion Island © Ifremer



COMMUNICATION

A Minute Of Science With...

#AMinuteOfScienceWith... are **short videos** made by Ifremer researchers through which they share with the public their work, a discovery, an anecdote or answer a scientific question that everyone is asking. Initiated during the containment, these videos are broadcast on social networks and the Institute's You-tube channel. You can find the one on the IOT project presented by Anne-Laure CLEMENT from the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer on https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=32-zaz79BAo



<u>« Mon Lopin de Mer » project</u>

"Mon Lopin de Mer" is an **educational project** that invites future citizens (4th and 5th grade and middle school) from all backgrounds, even those who are far from the coast, to forge an emotional link with the coast and the ocean, to make them aware of the fragility of these environments and our dependence on marine ecosystems, and to encourage them to become involved citizens.



Supported by Ifremer and the Petits débrouillards, this project was tested for the very first time during the 2021-2022 school year with six classes across metropolitan France and the overseas territories. Mr Maillard's 5th grade class from **Plateau Goyave primary schools** in Saint-Louis was able to participate in this first edition of "Mon Lopin de Mer". Throughout the school year, they were able to discover and understand the vital link that unites us with the ocean, by building **their "little patch of sea**" with the help of a board game. They then identified the risks to their patch of sea, analysed the relationship between man and the sea and thought about solutions that could help preserve it using scientific reasoning.

The project also includes a meeting with a scientist and Anne-Laure from the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer came to present the **IOT project** and the delegation's missions to the pupils on 28 April 2022. During this session, the children were able to discover the different species of marine turtles present in the Indian Ocean, the threats they face and the technological tools developed by Ifremer and its partners to study them and track their movements.



Presentation of the IOT project to the pupils of the Plateau Goyave school in the framework of "Mon Lopin de Mer" © Betsy Viramoutou/Les Petits Débrouillards Réunion



The **final presentation** of the project was held on 20 June 2022 by videoconference in the presence of all the classes from Saint-Louis (Reunion Island), Nice, La Colle sur Loup (Nice academy), Nancy, Gan (Bordeaux academy) and Guerlesquin (Rennes academy), with the participation of Ifremer scientists who spoke in class and **live with the oceanographic vessel "Le Pourquoi Pas? "**which was at that time in the middle of the Atlantic Ocean, more precisely on the **"Lucky Strike" hydrothermal site** of the mid-Atlantic ridge, carrying out scientific surveys and submarine dives on the hydrothermal vents.



Victor 6000 robot working at a depth of 1,600 metres at the Lucky Strike hydrothermal site © Ifremer





As part of the **Ocean Festival** organised by the Western Tourist Office, Sciences Reunion, the Maritime Cluster of Reunion and the Marine Nature Reserve of Reunion Island, the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer took part in the **Sea Day** on 25 June 2022, during which all the professionals of the sea come to present their work to the public

Cancelled in 2020 and 2021 due to the health crisis, this event brought together many visitors who were curious to discover the jobs of scientists (researcher, engineer, technician, etc.) and to discuss the research topics of the Institute and the delegation.

The **IOT project** and all the projects carried out by the delegation were presented to the general public through discussions, games, videos, etc.



Animations on the Ifremer stand during the Sea Day (virtual reality helmets, videos, games for children) © Ifremer





On the occasion of the Aldabra research station 50th anniversary symposium held on 21 April 2022 at the Royal Society in London, the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer produced a scientific poster presenting the IOT project and the results obtained for the Aldabra site.

This poster can be consulted on the following link: https://archimer.ifremer.fr/doc/00773/88525/



Poster of the IOT project presented at the "Aldabra research station 50th anniversary symposium" © Ifremer

IEEE SENSORS JOURNAL, VOL. 22, NO. 12, JUNE 15, 2022 **Dead-Reckoning Configurations Analysis** for Marine Turtle Context in a Controlled Environment Pierre Gogendeau[©], Sylvain Bonhommeau, Hassen Fourati[©], Denis De Oliveira, Virgil Taillandier, Andrea Goharzadeh, and Serge Bernard



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Sylvain Bonhommeau, Denis De Oliveira, and are with IFREMER DOI, Le Port 97420, Reunion

ions. For instance, Fukuoka et al. [1] rec tories of marine turtles for a few days questions. For instance, Pukuoka et al. [1] reconstruc-trajectories of marine turtles for a few days to stud-distance traveled between prey encounters. This allows to find changes in foraging behaviors and habitats. Depending on the scientific questions and studied an w days to study the ers. This allows them

different levels of accuracy and deploym ent durations ar required or possible. In any case, knowing the uncertainty or the position is important to interpret the results. Few studies the position is important to interpret the results: two studie provide uncertainty estimates, especially at fine temporal scal The present study is part of a project which aims -citimating the trajectory of juvenile marine turtles as we as its uncertainty. Our constrains are the difficulty to reca-ture the animal and to get long deployment over month To overcome them, we use his-transmitter with kilomete are with FFEMER DOI, La Vert 9/4-20, 1900ment 19640/Bitement/). In the GIFSALab, Université Grenoble Alpos, le Institute of Engineering (Grenoble INP), 38000 As part of the thesis work carried out by Pierre Gogendeau of Ifremer, a scientific article was published in the IEEE Xplore (Institute of Electronical and Electronics Engineers) journal entitled "Dead-Reckoning Configurations Analysis for Marine Turtle Context in a Controlled Environment".

The paper can be found at :

https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9763044?source=authoralert

Pierre Gogendeau's doctoral thesis defence will take place in November 2022. If you wish to follow it by videoconference, please send an email to the delegation<u>delegation.reunion@ifremer.fr</u> to receive the connection link



FINAL CLAP

Three and a half years ago, with European co-financing from the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF INTERREG V Indian Ocean 2014-2020), the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer launched the ambitious "Indian Ocean Sea Turtles" (IOT) project with the aim of developing new, innovative, smaller, energy-efficient, low-cost and open source tags adapted to juvenile sea turtles and creating the first sea turtle observation network in the south-western Indian Ocean basin through regional scientific cooperation.

This **regional cooperation** has mobilised players from the world of research, such as the Montpellier Laboratory of Computer Science, Robotics and Microelectronics (LIRMM) attached to the CNRS and various Ifremer laboratories, as well as organisations responsible for the management and conservation of the study sites, these include the Seychelles Islands Foundation (SIF), the French Southern and Antarctic Lands (TAAF), the Mayotte Departmental Council, the Mayotte Marine Natural Park, the Reunion Island Marine Nature Reserve, as well as other collaborations that have developed over the years (Oulanga Na Nymba, Maritime Gendarmerie of Mayotte, Le Jardin maoré, FAZSOI).

Despite some setbacks that occurred with the Covid health crisis in the middle of the project, such as the supply of electronic components or the planning of deployment missions to the study sites, the project's objectives were **fully achieved** thanks to the support of all the partners and teams.

The Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer would like **to thank** all the people who, through their support, their involvement and their work, have made this beautiful project possible and successful.

The IOT project is ending but the work continues with the IOT 2 project in perspective!



On the strength of the results obtained with the IOT project, Ifremer and its partners wish to **continue the work** by developing even more efficient tags in order to **extend the transmission of tags by satellite** to **new species** (fish, marine mammals) as well as to **adult** marine turtles, which would make it possible to improve our knowledge of reproduction and migration while continuing the work on juvenile turtles, where there is still much to learn.



To stay informed, visit the website of the Indian Ocean delegation of Ifremer

https://ocean-indien.ifremer.fr/en









https://ocean-indien.ifremer.fr/en/Projects/Technological-innovations/pIOT-2018-2020-IOT-2018-2021

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