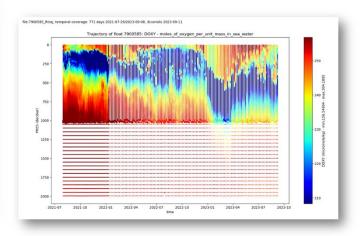
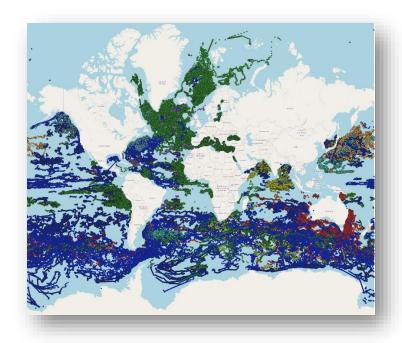
Argo data management report 2023 Coriolis DAC & GDAC

Data Assembly Centre and Global Data Assembly Centre Annual report October 2023 Version 1.1.1 https://doi.org/10.13155/96772

Formulation

| Starting Population
| Startin





1 DAC status

This report covers the activity of Coriolis DAC (Data Assembly Centre) for the one-year period from September 1st 2022 to September 30th 2023.

Key accomplishments in the past year include:

- The management of Provor CTS5 jumbo floats, which are substantial floats equipped with a range of BGC sensors, such as the UVP (a camera for identifying and counting zooplankton), the Ramses hyperspectral sensor, pH, chlorophyll, BBP, and Suna nitrate (refer to §1.1.3).
- The Ramses sensor conducts measurements of downward illuminance, upward luminescence, and reflectance. The reflectance data serves as a direct reference for satellite water color data.
- Comprehensive reprocessing of particulate backscattering (BBP) was carried out to implement the new quality control procedure available at https://doi.org/10.13155/60262
- Chlorophyll A (CHLA) also underwent a general reprocessing to adhere to the new quality control procedure, accessible at https://dx.doi.org/10.13155/35385
- The reprocessing of trajectories with format 3.2 was completed.
- An enhanced Argo real-time trajectory product that incorporates 20 additional RTQC procedures was developed. Additionally, a daily Argo deep currents product is now available for distribution.
- Deployment sheets for Coriolis floats, including metadata and calibrations, are shared on a cloud workspace located at cloud.ifremer.fr.

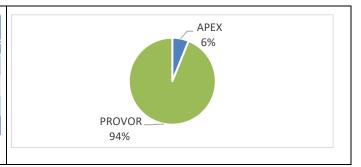
1.1 Data acquired from floats

1.1.1 Active floats for the last 12 months

These last 12 months, **62 155 profiles from 923 active floats** were collected, controlled and distributed. Compared to 2022, **the number of profiles slightly decreasing (-4%), the number of floats increased by 4%.** These figures illustrate a good momentum in Coriolis DAC activity.

The 923 floats managed during that period had 48 versions of data formats.

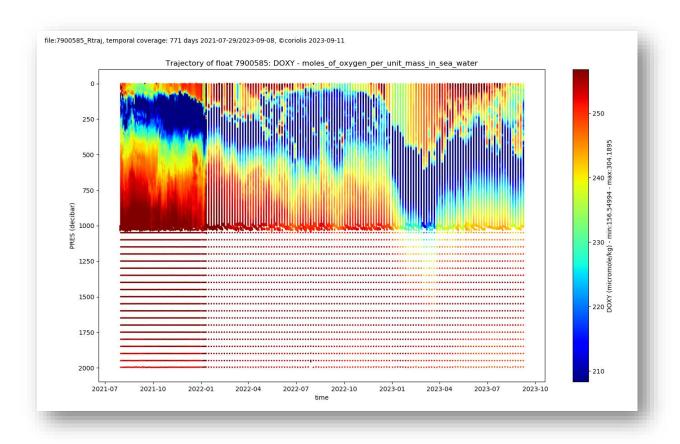
Coriolis DAC, ac	1			
Float family	_	nb versions 🔻	nb floats 🔻	nb core p
APEX		15	57	2 710
NOVA		2	5	127
PROVOR		31	861	59 318
Total		48	923	62 155



1.1.2 All floats managed by Coriolis DAC

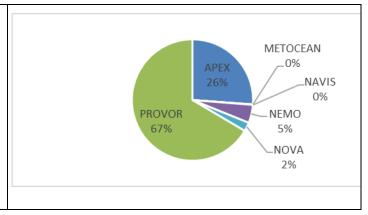
Coriolis DAC manages a total of 3 601 floats with 177 versions, from 6 families. These floats reported 700 586 core Argo vertical profiles.

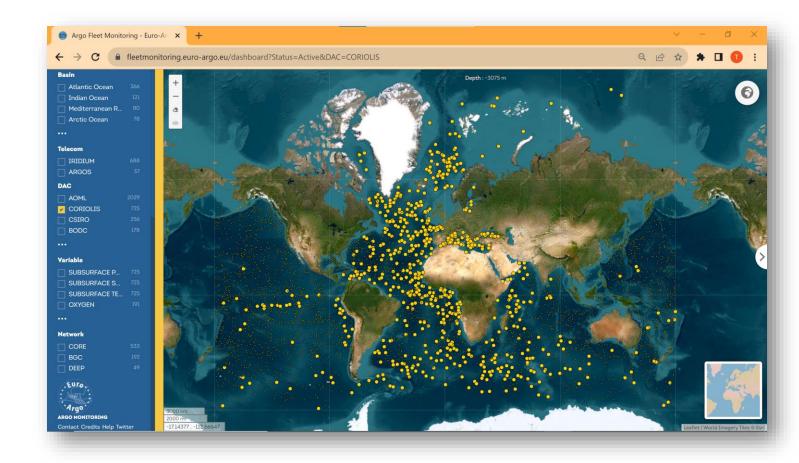
In 2023, most of Coriolis trajectory files were converted into format 3.2; in recent floats such as Provor CTS5 or Apex APF11, every observation has a timestamp and is available in the trajectory file.



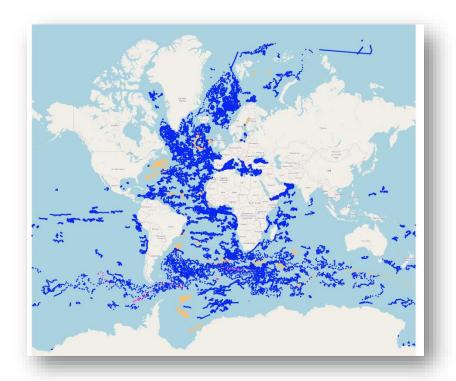
Oxygen observations from float 7900585 trajectory file

NEMO 8 174 10 NOVA 3 85 9	Coriolis DAC, all floats						
METOCEAN 1 1 NAVIS 1 3 1 NEMO 8 174 10 NOVA 3 85 9	re p						
NAVIS 1 3 1 NEMO 8 174 10 NOVA 3 85 9	540						
NEMO 8 174 10 NOVA 3 85 9	52						
NOVA 3 85 9	932						
	185						
PROVOR 84 2.396 530	715						
7 NOVON 84 2 330 330	162						
Total 177 3 601 700	586						





Map of the active floats on October $10^{\rm th}$ 2023 decoded by Coriolis DAC, among others DACs (small dots) as displayed on Euro-Argo floats dashboard https://fleetmonitoring.euro-argo.eu/dashboard

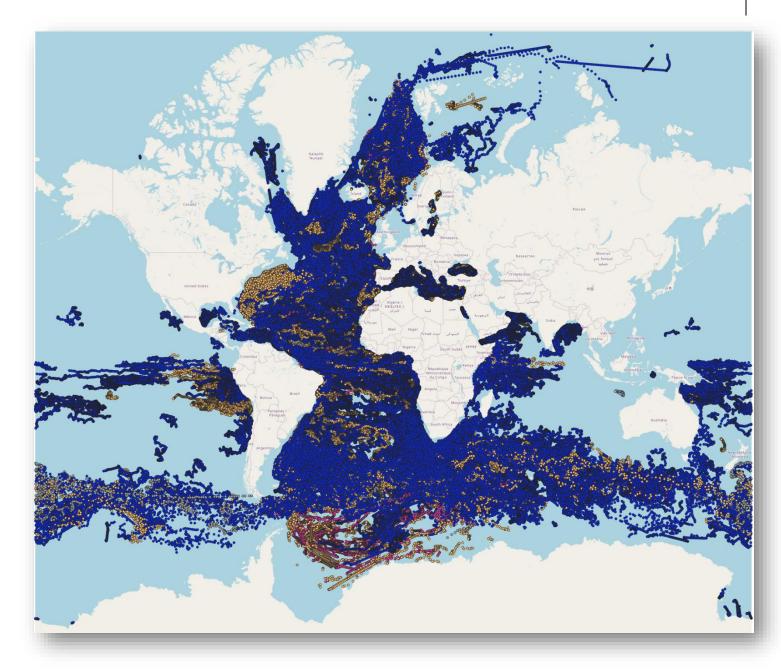


Map of the 62 155 profiles from 923 active floats active floats decoded by Coriolis DAC this current year

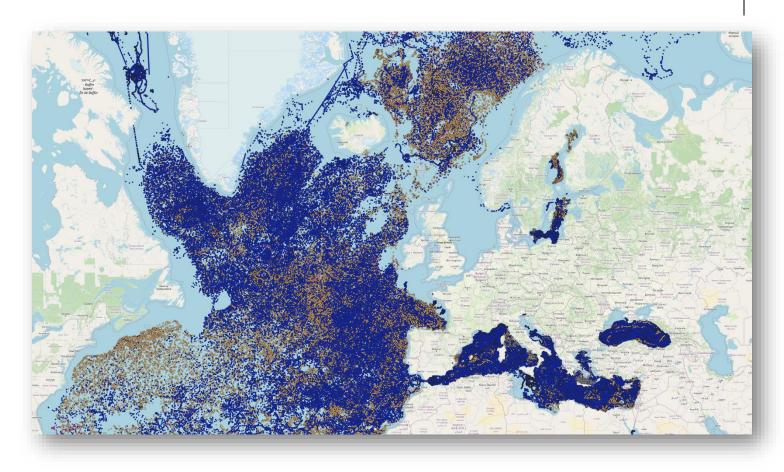
Apex Nova Provor



Map of the profiles from active floats decoded by Coriolis DAC this current year, among the other DAC's profiles (Coriolis: green, other DACs: grey)



Map of the 700 000 profiles from 3 600 floats managed by Coriolis DAC Apex Metocean Navis Nemo Nova Provor



Map of the profiles floats managed by Coriolis DAC, focus on North Atlantic

Apex Metocean

Navis Nemo Nova Provor

1.1.3 **BGC-Argo sensors on Coriolis floats**

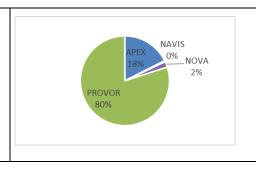
The data processing chain for data and metadata from Coriolis BGC-Argo floats is continuously improved. These are advanced types of floats performing bio-geo-chemical (BGC) measurements.

Coriolis DAC manages 733 BGC-Argo floats from 4 families. They performed 108 444 cycles.

The data processing chain is freely available:

Coriolis Argo floats data processing chain, http://doi.org/10.17882/45589

nb versions	nb floats 🔻	nb cycles 🔻
34	129	16 960
1	3	644
1	15	1 241
48	586	89 599
84	733	108 444
	34 1 1	1 3 1 15 48 586



General characteristics

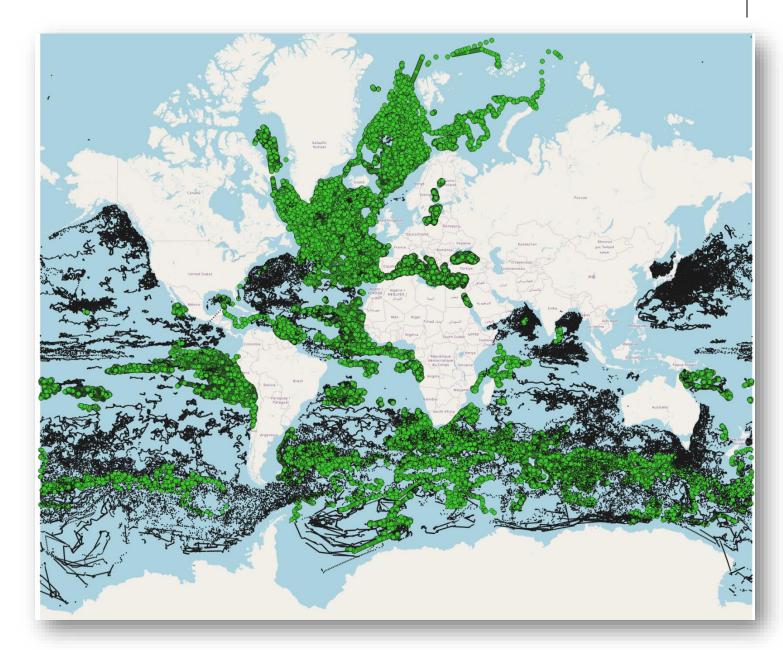
- Iridium sbd or rudics bi-directional communication or Argos
- There are 18 types of sensors fitted on the floats

Coriolis BGC-Argo floats sensor ▼	nb floats 🚚	nb profiles 🔻
AANDERAA_OPTODE	655	94 631
ECO_FLBB	312	163 019
SATLANTIC_OCR504_ICSW	261	199 680
SUNA_V2	110	19 929
SEAFET	60	6 593
C_ROVER	43	5 724
UVP6-LP	32	1 556
SBE63_OPTODE	20	2 071
RAMSES_ACC	19	1 225
ECO_FLNTU	14	6 176
SBE43F_IDO	13	1 596
9AXIS_IMU	12	317
RAMSES_ARC	12	317
MPE	6	1 004
OPUS_DS	2	792
HYDROC	2	154
CYCLOPS-7_FLUOROMETER	2	106
SEAPOINT_TURBIDITY_METER	2	106

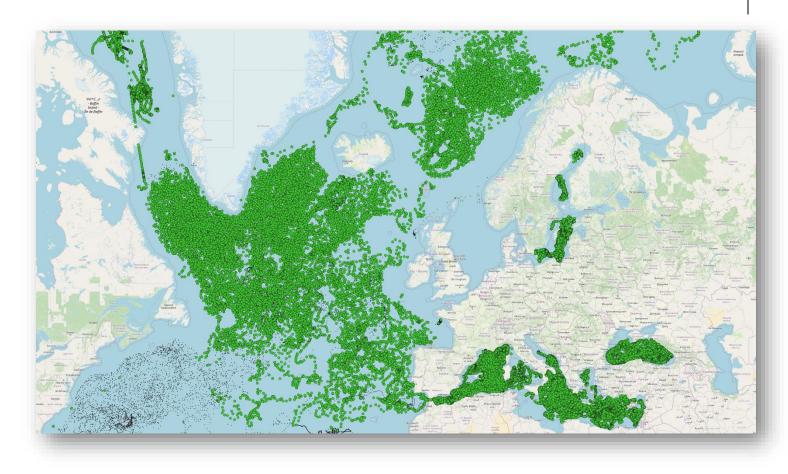
The 18 types of sensors mounted on Coriolis BGC-Argo floats

PARAMETER_CODE	NB_FILE	,
DOXY	97 201	
CHLA	50 512	
BBP700	47 998	
CDOM	43 094	
DOWNWELLING_PAR	42 339	
NITRATE	16 509	
PH_IN_SITU_TOTAL	5 614	
TURBIDITY	2 514	
BISULFIDE	1 383	

The 9 main BGC parameters reported by Coriolis BGC-Argo floats



Map of the 733 BGC-Argo floats managed by Coriolis DAC (grey dots: the others DACs bio-Argo floats). They measure parameters such as oxygen, chlorophyll, turbidity, CDOM, back-scattering, UV, nitrate, bisulfide, pH, radiance, irradiance, PAR.



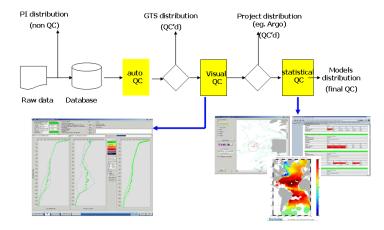
A zoom on North Atlantic of the BGC-Argo floats managed by Coriolis DAC (grey dots: the others DACs bio-Argo floats)

1.2 Data issued to GTS

Vertical profiles processed by Coriolis are distributed on the GTS by way of Meteo-France. This operation is fully automated. After applying the automatic Argo QC procedure, the Argo profiles are inserted on the GTS every hour. The profile files are sent as BUFR messages.

Vertical profiles are distributed on GTS if they are less than 30 days old. Once a day, floats data are checked with Min-Max climatology that triggers alerts and visual inspection for suspicious observations. The corrected data are not redistributed on GTS.

In July 2019, Coriolis stopped the TESAC messages distribution; only BUFR messages are now distributed.

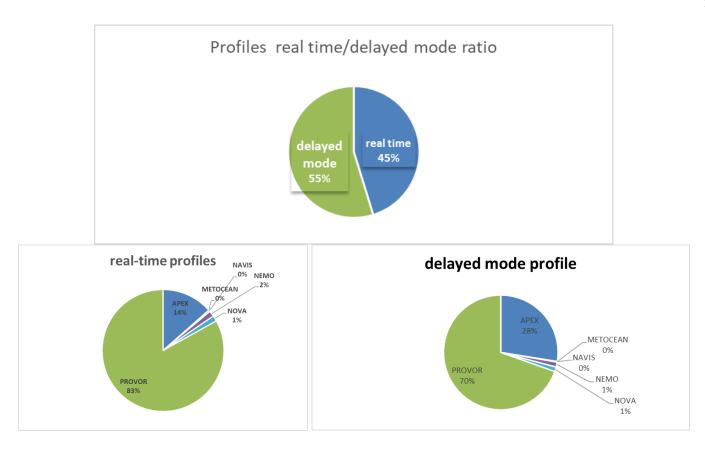


Coriolis DAC Argo data flow

1.3 Data issued to GDACs after real-time QC

All meta-data, profiles, trajectory and technical data files are sent to Coriolis and US-GODAE GDACs. This distribution is automated.

All Coriolis floats, number of profile files on GDAC							
Family	nb floats	~	nb profile ▼	RT profile ▼	DM profiles ▼		
APEX		862	148 540	42 858	105 682		
METOCEAN		1	52	-	52		
NAVIS		3	1 932	1 288	644		
NEMO		110	10 185	4 786	5 399		
NOVA		61	9 715	4 776	4 939		
PROVOR		1864	530 552	263 360	267 192		
Total	2 9	01	700 976	317 068	383 908		



Distribution of Coriolis DAC real-time and delayed mode profiles

1.4 Data issued for delayed mode QC

Delayed mode profiles

All profile files are sent to PIs for delayed QC.

1.5 Delayed mode data sent to GDACs

An Argo delayed mode profile contains a calibrated salinity profile (psal_adjusted parameter).

- A total of 108 689 new or updated delayed mode profiles was sent to GDACs this year.
- A total of 383 908 delayed mode profiles were sent to GDACs since 2005.

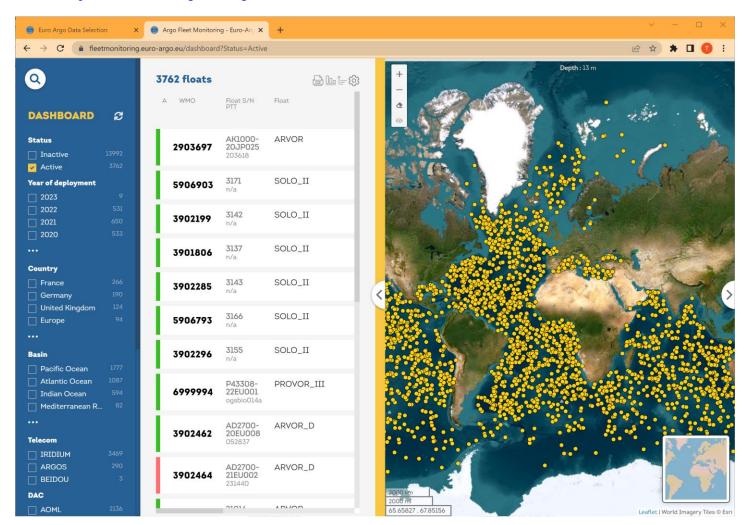
The number of delayed mode profiles increased by 1% this year compared to 2022.

1.6 Web pages

1.6.1 Argo dashboard

The Argo floats dashboard developed in 2019 and regularly improved by Coriolis team is available at:

• https://fleetmonitoring.euro-argo.eu/dashboard

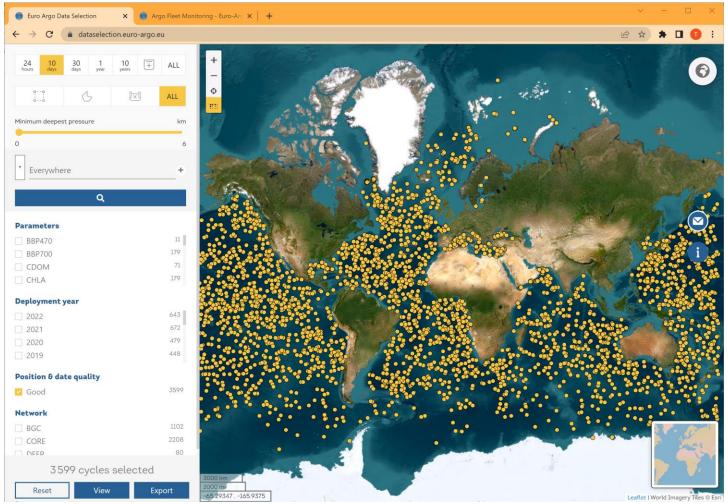


It displays all Argo floats, with facetted interrogations and instantaneous answers. The dashboard is developed on cloud and big-data techniques.

- Cloud techniques: a metadata and a data APIs, opened to internet machine to machine queries
- Big-data techniques: Argo metadata are hourly indexed in an Elasticsearch index, Argo data are hourly indexed in a Cassandra data base. Elasticsearch and Cassandra allows instant answers on dataset having billions of observations.

The Argo data selection was developed in 2020. The initial version is online at https://dataselection.euro-argo.eu/

It proposes data discovery with facetted search on temporal and spatial coverage, parameters, deployment years or quality codes. The selected data are downloadable in NetCDF and CSV formats.



Argo data selection https://dataselection.euro-argo.eu

1.6.2 Interoperability services (ERDDAP API,...)

The APIs used by Argo dashboard and Argo data selection web portals are open and publicly available to interested users at the following endpoints OpenAPI (swagger):

- https://fleetmonitoring.euro-argo.eu/swagger-ui.html
- https://dataselection.euro-argo.eu/swagger-ui.html

More information available on https://www.euro-argo.eu/Argo-Data-access

This web page describes all Argo floats interoperability services from Coriolis:

- http://www.coriolis.eu.org/Data-Products/Data-Delivery/Argo-floats-interoperability-services2
 - Argo data through ERDDAP data server (www.ifremer.fr/erddap)
 - Display an individual float's data and metadata in HTML or XML format
 - Display all Argo floats, display a group of floats
 - Argo profiles and trajectories data selection (HTML or XML)
 - All individual float's metadata, profile data, trajectory data and technical data
 - Argo profiles data on OpenDAP, OGC-WCS and http

- Argo data through Oceanotron data server
- Argo profiles data through GCMD-DIF protocol
- Argo data through RDF and OpenSearch protocols

1.6.3 Data centre activity monitoring

Coriolis operators perform an activity monitoring with an online control board.



Argo GDAC operations monitoring: every working day, an operator performs diagnostics and take actions on anomalies (red or orange smileys)

1.7 Statistics of Argo data usage (operational models, scientific applications, number of National Pis...)

Operational oceanography models; all floats data are distributed to:

- EU Copernicus Marine service models (Mercator, Foam, Topaz, Moon, Noos, Boos)
- French model Soap (navy operational model)

Argo projects: this year, Coriolis data centre performed float data management for **89 Argo scientific projects and 56 PIs** (**Principal Investigators**).

List of Coriolis scientific PIs and project names

project	~	nb floats	→ ↓
argo-bsh			108
coriolis			100
argo italy			86
argo germany			63
norargo2			38
argo-france			36
argo bsh			34
ovide			33
mocca			32
mocca-eu			28

Top 10 of Coriolis DAC projects having active floats

pi name	nb active flo →↓
birgit klein	196
pierre-marie poulain	69
christine coatanoan	65
kjell arne mork	55
damien desbruyeres	42
elena mauri	34
andreas sterl	34
herve claustre	26
romain cancouet	25

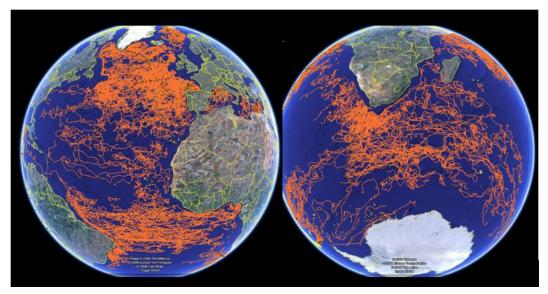
Top 10 of Principal Investigators (PI) in charge of active floats

1.8 Products generated from Argo data

Sub-surface currents ANDRO Atlas

Based on Argo trajectory data, Ifremer and CNRS team are regularly improving the "Andro" atlas of deep ocean currents. The ANDRO project provides a world sub-surface displacement data set based on Argo floats data. The description of each processing step applied on float data can be found in:

 Ollitrault Michel, Rannou Philippe, Brion Emilie, Cabanes Cecile, Piron Anne, Reverdin Gilles, Kolodziejczyk Nicolas (2022). ANDRO: An Argo-based deep displacement dataset. SEANOE. https://doi.org/10.17882/47077



Argo trajectories from Coriolis DAC are carefully scrutinized to produce the "Andro" atlas of deep ocean currents.

Sub-surface currents real time data

The Argo current product produced by Copernicus marine in situ is derived from the original trajectory data from Argo GDAC (Global Data Assembly Center). The Argo currents are calculated from Argo trajectories format version 3.1 or higher; the previous formats are ignored (2.*, 3.0).

It is daily updated and available from https://doi.org/10.48670/moi-00041

In November 2023 release, two significant improvements are implemented:

- A series of 20 quality control tests is applied on each Argo trajectory file documented in *Herbert Gaelle* (2020). *Qualification temps réel des données trajectoire des flotteurs Argo*. https://doi.org/10.13155/95169
- The currents are calculated with the Ollitrault-Rannou method documented in *Ollitrault Michel, Rannou Jean-Philippe (2013)*. *ANDRO Dataset contents and format.* https://archimer.ifremer.fr/doc/00360/47126

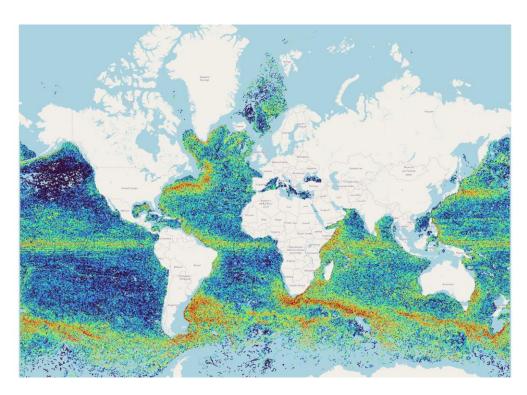


Figure 20: Map of Argo deep ocean currents, each dot represents the deep ocean current from one cycle (typically 10 days) from one float

From dark blue dot: 0 meter/second, to red dot: 2 meter/second

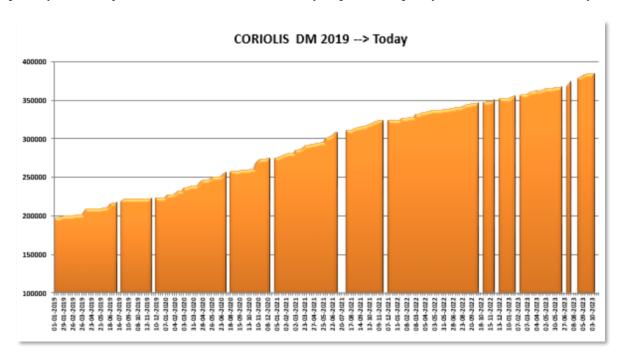
2 Delayed Mode QC

At the Coriolis data centre, we process the delayed mode quality control following four steps. Before running the OW method, we check carefully the metadata files, the pressure offset, the quality control done in real time and we compare with neighbor profiles to check if a drift or offset could be easily detected. By working on this way with PIs, the delayed mode quality control is strengthen.

Some floats have been deployed from some projects, meaning a lot of PIs and a lot of time for explaining the DM procedure to all of them. A few PIs are totally able to work on DMQC following the four steps but this is not the case for most of them. Since the unavailability of the PIs leads to work by intermittence and then extend the period of work on the floats, we did the work with a private organism (Glazeo) to improve the realization of the DMQC, exchanging only with the PIs to validate results and discuss about physical oceanography in studied area. Working in this way, we largely improve the amount of delayed mode profiles

A lot of work is always done from BSH (Birgit Klein) taking into account also floats from other German institutes and OGS (Antonella Gallo/Massimo Pacciaroni/Giulio Notarstefano) for the MedSea as well as Alberto Gonzalez Santana for IEO.

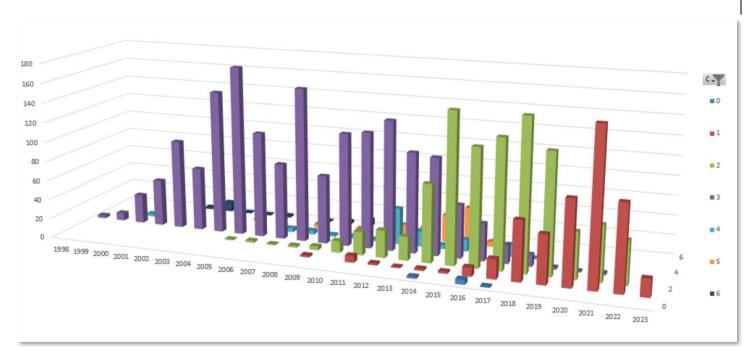
Over the past 5 years, a major effort has been made to steadily improve the quality control status of the delayed mode.



Evolution of the DM profiles' submission versus dates in last 5 years

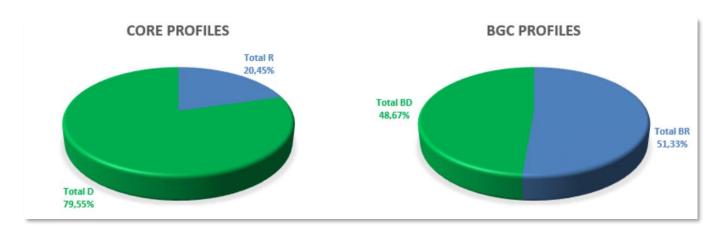
During the last year (from October 2022 to October 2023), 37524 new delayed mode profiles where produced and validated by PIs. A total of 383908 delayed mode profiles were produced and validated since 2005.

The next figure shows the distribution of float by year and by quality level.



Status of the quality control done on profiles sorted by launch's year, code 1: young float, code 2: active float, DM done, code 3: dead float, DM done; code 4: DM in progress, code 5: waiting for DM, code 6: problems with float

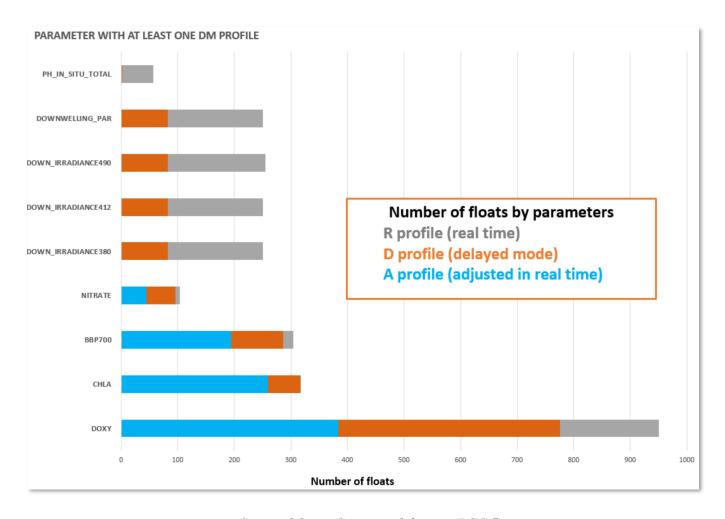
In the following float, the status of quality control on floats is presented. For the BGC floats, the BD percent means that at least one parameter has been processed in delayed mode.



Status of the floats processed by Coriolis DAC.

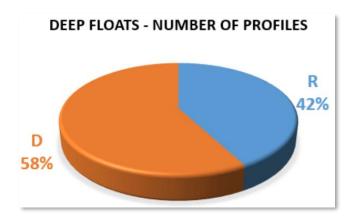
Left: CORE profiles percent and right: BGC profiles percent (D/BD : delayed mode – R/BR : real time).

The status of the quality control done on the Coriolis BGC floats is presented in the following plot for some BGC parameters. Some parameters are regularly updated in DM mode (Doxy, ChlA, BBP).

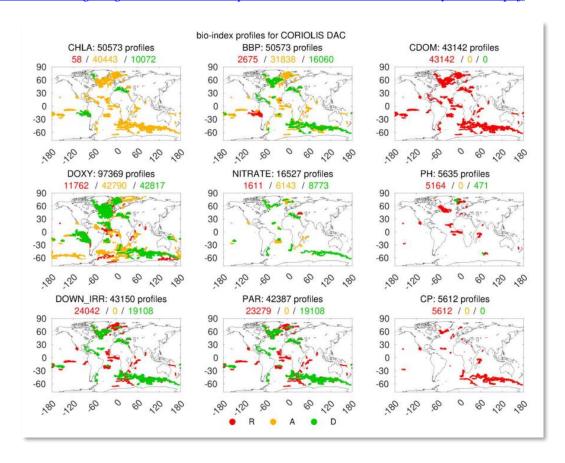


Status of the quality control done on BGC floats. Float for which at least one profile has been performed in delayed mode for the parameter.

Looking in more detail to focus Deep Argo data, a great effort has also been made to increase the count of delayed mode profiles: 58% of Deep Argo profiles have been processed in delayed mode.



Regarding the BGC data, some information can be found on the document provided by the audit of Henry Bittig (https://biogeochemical-argo.org/cloud/document/implementation-status/BGC summary coriolis.pdf).

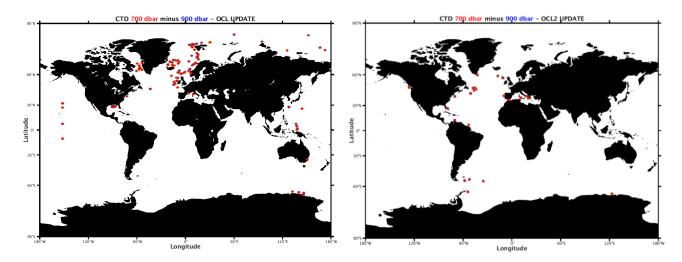


Location and number of R,A,D profiles per parameters.

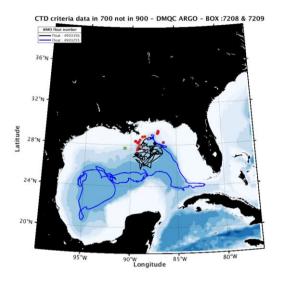
CTD Reference database

A work is in progress to take into account the criteria 700 dbar in shallower regions, as decided at the last ADMT. A new version 2023V01 is currently being prepared and will include updates from OCL, data provided by CCHDO (confidential, and GO-SHIP data from Website), as well as some corrections of anomalies detected by users.

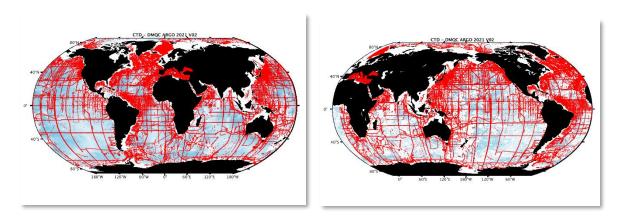
Some tests have been made to study differences between criteria 700 dbar or 900 dbar for selecting profiles, which be included in the CTD reference database. Starting with the two OCL updates datasets, boxes have been created using the both criteria and differences have been studied to vizualise on which part of the ocean, new stations can increase the CTD dataset for the calibration.



In the Gulf of Mexico, it seems that using 700 dbar as criteria will improve the number of CTD to perform the calibration method.



The last version is available on the Ifremer ftp site (ask login/password at codac@ifremer.fr) and is divided in smaller tar balls, one by wmo box area (1-3-5-7): for instance, CTD_for_DMQC_2021V02_1.tar.gz for all boxes starting with wmo 1, then we will have 4 tar files.



3 GDAC Functions

A significant achievement for the last 12 months is the daily distribution of Argo data on Amazon cloud infrastructure, see §3.9.

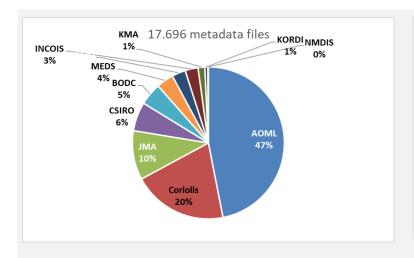
3.1 National centres reporting to you

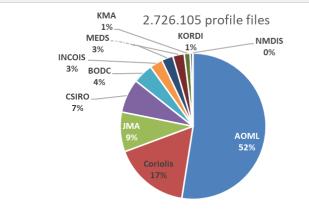
Currently, 11 national DACs submit regularly data to Coriolis GDAC. On October 2023, the following files were available from the GDAC FTP site.

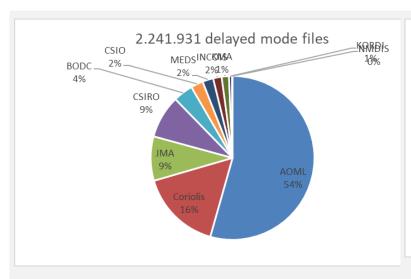
Compared to 2022, the number of floats (metadata) increased by 4%, the number of profile files increased by 5%.

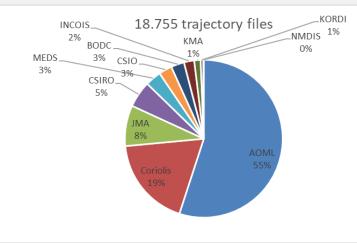
3.1.1 GDAC files distribution in October 2023

	metadata				delayed mode		trajectory
DAC -	files	increase 🔻	profile files 🔻	increase2 🔻	profile files 🔻	increase3 🔻	files
AOML	8 612	4%	1 507 278	5%	1 296 336	6%	10 782
BODC	871	6%	127 722	7%	93 122	2%	530
Coriolis	3 710	5%	483 866	8%	383 908	10%	3 624
CSIO	534	2%	73 594	4%	57 822	4%	533
CSIRO	1 130	3%	215 407	5%	201 710	6%	1 062
INCOIS	505	3%	81 813	2%	39 996	10%	412
JMA	1 921	2%	252 772	4%	208 454	4%	1 635
KMA	264	2%	38 064	2%	34 052	1%	255
KORDI	117	2%	15 624	1%	14 504	0%	107
MEDS	672	3%	72 768	7%	51 012	2%	640
NMDIS	19	0%	2 460	0%	2 381	-	19
Total	18 355	4%	2 871 368	5%	2 383 297	6%	19 599









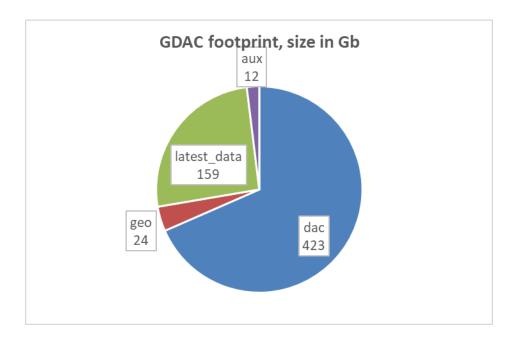
Number of files available on GDAC, October 2023

3.1.2 GDAC files size

- The total number of NetCDF files on the GDAC/dac directory was 3 535 214 (+6% in one year)
- The size of GDAC/dac directory was 423 Go (+11%)
- The size of the GDAC directory was 931 Go (+26%)

More on: http://www.argodatamgt.org/Data-Mgt-Team/News/BGC-Argo-M-prof-files-no-more-distributed-on-GDAC

branch	GDAC size		yearly			N-1	
~	in Gb	•	increase	•	7		•
dac	4	23		119	%	3	82
geo		24		339	%		18
latest_data	1	59		79	%	1	49
aux		12		1799	6	4	1,3
gdac total	9	31		269	%	7	40

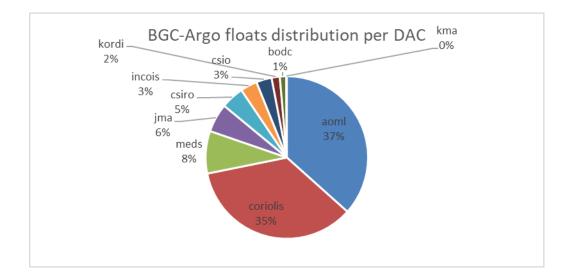


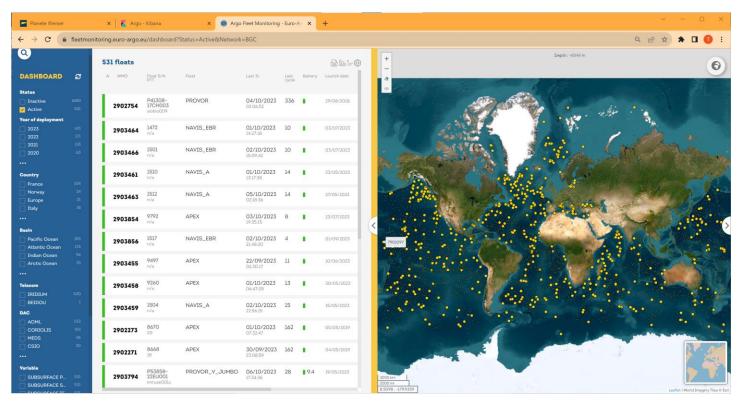
Jilij – Aleo Jellabilole aasiiboala, elve clealt to aata bioviael.	3.1.3	Argo Semaphore	dashboard: give	credit to data	providers
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3.1.4 BGC-Argo floats

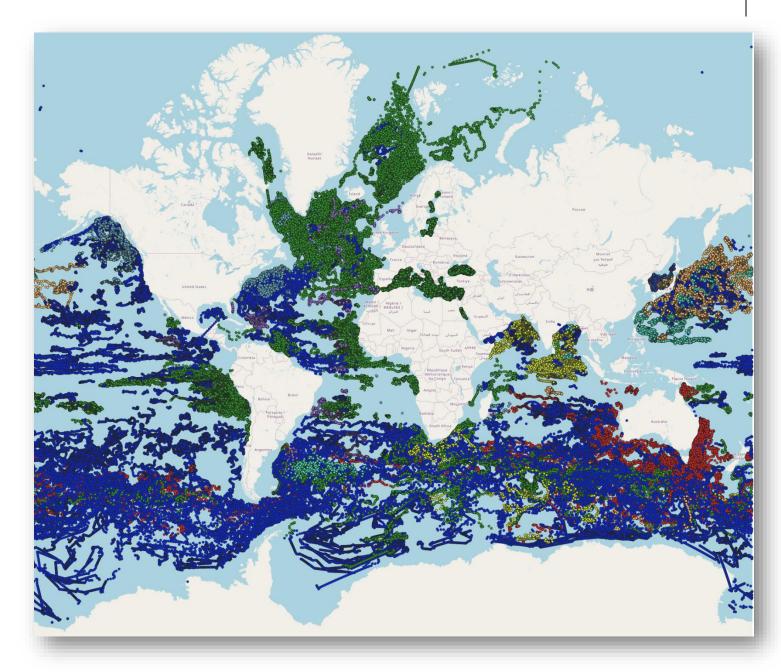
In October 2023, 294 950 BGC-Argo profiles from 2.084 floats were available on Argo GDAC. This is a fair increase compared to 2022: +12% more floats and +9% more profiles.

DAC	•	nb bgc float → ↓	nb bgc file 🔻
aoml		763	102 177
coriolis		734	108 574
meds		176	6 969
jma		119	20 470
csiro		95	23 271
incois		70	12 736
csio		64	11 285
kordi		34	3 426
bodc		26	5 574
kma		3	468
Total		2084	294 950

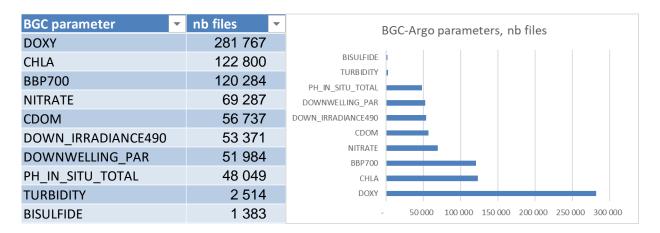




 ${\it Map~of~531~BGC-Argo~active~floats~(yellow)~among~2084~BGC-Argo~floats~(other:~grey~dots)~from~$\underline{https://fleetmonitoring.euro-argo.eu/dashboard}$$



BGC-Argo profiles, colored by DACs

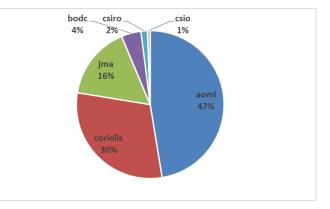


Main BGC-Argo physical parameters, number of s-profiles

3.1.5 Deep-Argo floats

The deep-Argo component of the One-Argo program is under development. A deep Argo float performs high precision observations from ocean surface to bottom, at up to 6000 meters deep.

dac	-	nb float	↓ ↓	nb deep pro ▼
aoml		1	65	20 318
coriolis		1	05	6 516
jma			56	3 870
bodc			15	850
csiro			5	478
csio			2	174
Total		3	48	32 206



3.2 Operations of the ftp, https and erddap servers

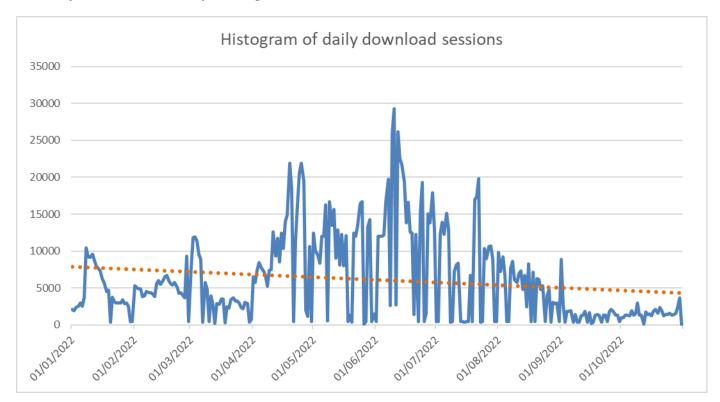
For each individual DAC, every 30 minutes, meta-data, profile, trajectory and technical data files are automatically collected from the national DACs. The 11 DACs are processed in parallel (one process launched every 3 minutes).

Index files of metadata, profiles, trajectories, technical and auxiliary data are hourly updated.

GDAC download services

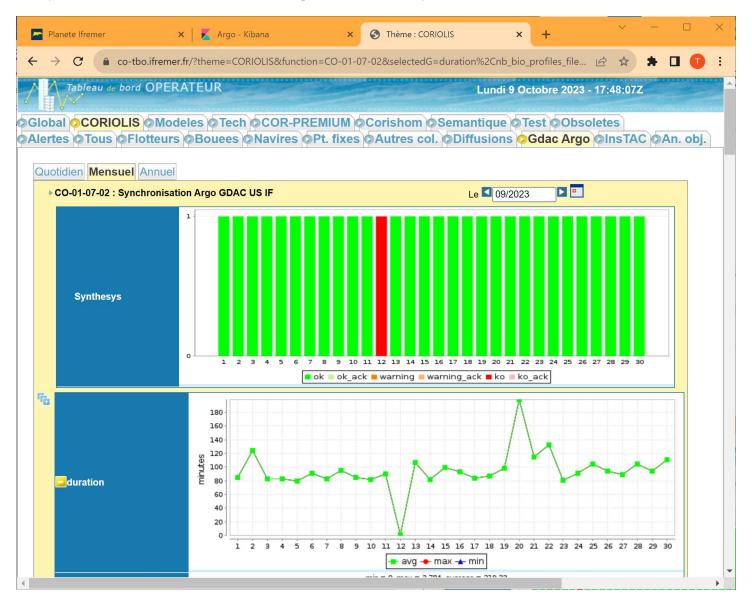
- ftp ftp://ftp.ifremer.fr/ifremer/argo
- https://data-argo.ifremer.fr
- erddap https://erddap.ifremer.fr

There is a daily average of 6000 sessions and downloading 20 terabytes of data files. There was a huge variability in number of sessions between May and August 2022.



3.3 GDAC files synchronization

The synchronization with US-GODAE server is performed once a day at 03:55Z



Synchronization dashboard in September 2023: the daily sync. time takes on average 80 minutes, with a failure on September 12^{th}

3.4 Download services monitoring

Ifremer manage a dashboard (Semaphore) to monitor data distribution and give credit to data providers such as Argo floats.

• https://audience-argo.ifremer.fr

FTP, HTTPS and ERDDAP downloads log files are ingested in an Elasticsearch index. A link between downloaded files, download originators, floats included in the downloaded files and institution owners of the floats is performed. These links are displayed in a Kibana dashboard.

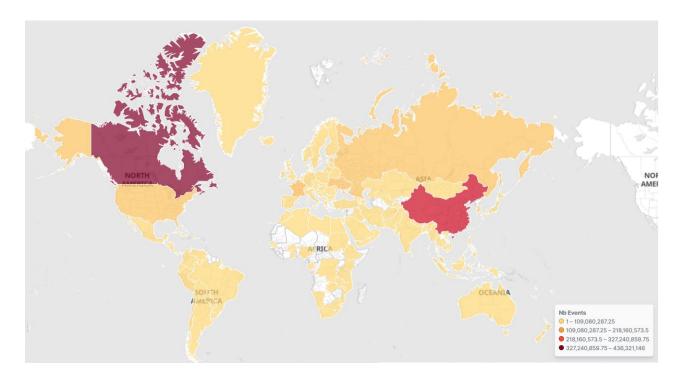
This dashboard offers the possibility to give credit to Floats owner institutions such as how many data from one particular institution was downloaded, by whose data users.

Semaphore key figures for 2023 and yearly increase:

- 6 million sessions for Argo data downloads (+200%)
- 1 billion files downloaded (+53%)
- 55% of ftp downloads, 45% of https downloads (80% and 20% a year ago)
- 14 terabytes daily downloads, median value (+27%)

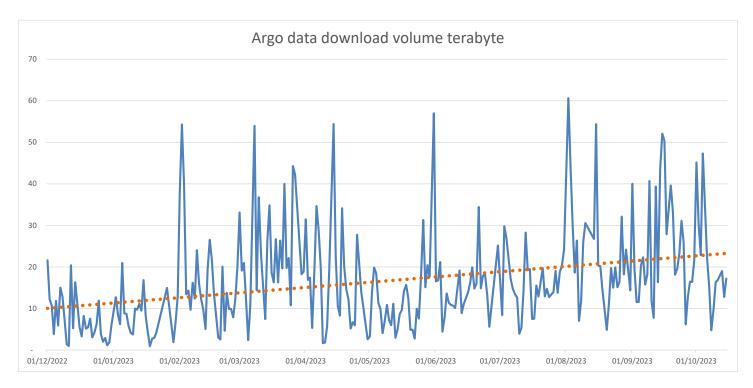
Download service -	Nb hits	percent 🚚
ftp	584 121 875	55,26%
http	472 617 398	44,71%
thredds	174 582	0,02%
cms-ezpublish	36 327	0,00%
seanoe	15 179	0,00%
Total	1 056 965 362	

The majority of downloads is with ftp (55%), followed by https (45%) and a tiny fraction from Thredds, Argo CMS, Seanoe and ERDDAP data services.



Distribution by countries of GDAC ftp, https erddap downloads in 2023

The majority of downloads are from North America, China, Russia, Europe



Argo FTP, HTTPS and ERDDAP downloads in 2023, an average of 14 terabytes per day with spikes up to 60 terabytes a day

Semaphore is also used to monitor the data distribution activity.

In 2023, according to the daily data download volume statistics, there were no period of poor performances (compared to 6 days in 2022). A poor performance is an abnormally low volume of data downloaded by Argo users (less than 0,1 terabyte of data for a day).

- The lower download traffic was on 2023-01-18 with 1 terabyte of data download.
- The peak download traffic was on 2023-08-02 with 61 terabytes of data download

3.5 Grey list

The GDAC hosts a grey list of the floats that are automatically flagged as part of the automatic Real-Time quality controls (Test #15 from Argo Quality Control Manual for CTD and Trajectory Data. https://doi.org/10.13155/33951).

The grey list has 1 561 core-Argo entries (October 2023, 879 inactive entries), compared to 1519 entries one year ago.

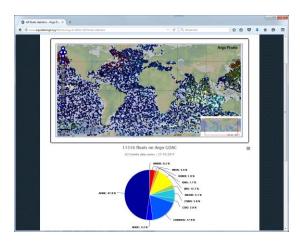
All floats core-Argo				
DAC	•	nb float	↓ ↓	nb inactive floa ▼
aoml			964	502
coriolis			192	99
jma			127	88
bodc			124	77
csiro			62	29
csio			28	27
meds			24	19
incois			24	23
kma			13	12
kordi			3	3.
Total		1	561	879

Distribution of grey list entries per DAC and per parameter

Parameter	nb entries 📢
PSAL	1560
TEMP	160
PRES	121
DOXY	71
BBP700	51
CHLA	37
CDOM	24
BBP532	11
NITRATE	9
DOWN_IRRADIANCE380	4
DOWNWELLING_PAR	4
DOWN_IRRADIANCE490	4
DOWN_IRRADIANCE412	4
PH_IN_SITU_TOTAL	3
CP660	3
PH_IN_SITU_FREE	1
TURBIDITY	1

3.6 Statistics on GDAC content

The following graphics display the distribution of data available from GDAC, per float or DACs. These statistics are daily updated on: http://www.argodatamgt.org/Monitoring-at-GDAC



3.7 Mirroring data from GDAC: rsync service

In July 2014, we installed a dedicated rsync server called vdmzrs.ifremer.fr described on:

• http://www.argodatamgt.org/Access-to-data/Argo-GDAC-synchronization-service

This server provides a synchronization service between the "dac" directory of the GDAC with a user mirror. From the user side, the rysnc service:

- Downloads the new files
- Downloads the updated files
- Removes the files that have been removed from the GDAC
- Compresses/uncompresses the files during the transfer
- Preserves the files creation/update dates
- Lists all the files that have been transferred (easy to use for a user side post-processing)

Examples

Synchronization of a particular float

• rsync -avzh --delete vdmzrs.ifremer.fr::argo/coriolis/69001 /home/mydirectory/...

Synchronization of the whole dac directory of Argo GDAC

• rsync -avzh --delete vdmzrs.ifremer.fr::argo//home/mydirectory/...

3.8 Argo DOI, Digital Object Identifier on monthly snapshots

A digital object identifier (DOI) is a unique identifier for an electronic document or a dataset. Argo data-management assigns DOIs to its documents and datasets for two main objectives:

- Citation: in a publication the DOI is efficiently tracked by bibliographic surveys
- Traceability: the DOI is a direct and permanent link to the document or data set used in a publication
- More on: http://www.argodatamgt.org/Access-to-data/Argo-DOI-Digital-Object-Identifier

Since July 2019, the DOI monthly snapshot of Argo data is a compressed archive (.gz) that contains distinct core-Argo tar files and BGC-Argo tar files. A core-Argo user can now ignore the voluminous BGC-Argo files.

Argo documents DOIs

Argo User's manual: http://dx.doi.org/10.13155/29825

Argo GDAC DOI

• Argo floats data and metadata from Global Data Assembly Centre (Argo GDAC) http://doi.org/10.17882/42182

3.9 Argo GDAC available from Amazon S3 cloud service

As part of "action 48 - admt-21 Argo data on the cloud" we contacted Amazon and its ASDI program (Amazon Sustainability Data Initiative). There is now a prototype of GDAC on the cloud, updated daily in an S3 bucket.

• https://registry.opendata.aws/argo-gdac-marinedata/

Argo GDAC data is directly available, it is no more necessary to download files before using them. Anyone from anywhere can run something like a python script with direct access to an Argo cloud prototype hosted on Amazon.