

**Supporting Information. Quantifying the impact of habitat modifications on species behavior and mortality: A case study of tropical tuna. Amaël Dupaix, Laurent Dagorn, Jean-Louis Deneubourg, & Manuela Capello. Ecological Applications.**

**Appendix S1: Development and limits of the mean Continuous Absence Time ( $\overline{\text{CAT}}$ )**

**1 CAT formula**

We have,

$$\overline{\text{CAT}}_{\text{diff}}(\rho) = \frac{a_d}{\rho^{b_d}} \quad (\text{S1})$$

$$\overline{\text{CAT}}_{\text{return}}(\rho) = 1 + \frac{a_r}{\rho^{b_r}} \quad (\text{S2})$$

and

$$R(\rho) = a\rho^c \exp(b \times \rho) \quad (\text{S3})$$

with  $(a_d, b_d, a_r, b_r, a, b, c) \in \mathbb{R}_+^7$

Hence,

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{\text{CAT}}(\rho) &= \frac{A(\rho)\overline{\text{CAT}}_{\text{diff}}(\rho) + B(\rho)\overline{\text{CAT}}_{\text{return}}(\rho)}{A(\rho) + B(\rho)} \\ &= \frac{R(\rho)\overline{\text{CAT}}_{\text{diff}}(\rho) + \overline{\text{CAT}}_{\text{return}}(\rho)}{R(\rho) + 1} \\ &= \frac{a\rho^c \exp(b\rho)a_d\rho^{-b_d} + 1 + a_r\rho^{-b_r}}{a\rho^c \exp(b\rho) + 1} \end{aligned}$$

**2 Limit when  $\rho \mapsto +\infty$**

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{\text{CAT}}(\rho) &= \frac{a\rho^c \exp(b\rho)a_d\rho^{-b_d} + 1 + a_r\rho^{-b_r}}{a\rho^c \exp(b\rho) + 1} \\ &= \frac{a_d\rho^{-b_d} + \frac{1}{a}\rho^{-c} \exp(-b\rho) + \frac{a_r}{a}\rho^{-b_r-c} \exp(-b\rho)}{1 + \frac{1}{a}\rho^{-c} \exp(-b\rho)} \end{aligned} \quad (\text{S4})$$

We note  $N_{inf} = a_d\rho^{-b_d} + \frac{1}{a}\rho^{-c} \exp(-b\rho) + \frac{a_r}{a}\rho^{-b_r-c} \exp(-b\rho)$   
and  $D_{inf} = 1 + \frac{1}{a}\rho^{-c} \exp(-b\rho)$

We have,

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow +\infty} a_d \rho^{-b_d} = 0$$

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{a} \rho^{-c} \exp(-b\rho) = 0$$

and

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{a_r}{a} \rho^{-b_r - c} \exp(-b\rho) = 0$$

So

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow +\infty} N_{inf} = 0$$

and

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow +\infty} D_{inf} = 1$$

Hence

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow +\infty} \overline{\text{CAT}}(\rho) = 0 \tag{S5}$$

### 3 Limit when $\rho \mapsto 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{\text{CAT}}(\rho) &= \frac{a\rho^c \exp(b \times \rho) \times a_d \rho^{-b_d} + 1 + a_r \rho^{-b_r}}{a\rho^c \exp(b \times \rho) + 1} \\ &= \frac{a \times a_d \times \rho^{c-b_d} \exp(b \times \rho) + 1 + a_r \rho^{-b_r}}{a\rho^c \exp(b \times \rho) + 1} \end{aligned} \tag{S6}$$

We note  $N_0 = a \times a_d \times \rho^{c-b_d} \exp(b \times \rho) + 1 + a_r \rho^{-b_r}$   
and  $D_0 = a\rho^c \exp(b \times \rho) + 1$

#### 3.1 Denominator ( $D_0$ )

We have

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} a\rho^c \exp(b\rho) = 0$$

So

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} D_0 = \lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} a\rho^c \exp(b\rho) + 1 = 1$$

### 3.2 Numerator ( $N_0$ )

We have

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} (1 + a_r \rho^{-b_r}) = +\infty$$

**If**  $c - b_d > 0$

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} (a_d \rho^{c-b_d} \exp(b\rho)) = 0$$

and

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} N_0 = +\infty$$

**If**  $c - b_d < 0$

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} (a_d \rho^{c-b_d} \exp(b\rho)) = +\infty$$

hence

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} N_0 = +\infty$$

**If**  $c - b_d = 0$

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} (a_d \rho^{c-b_d} \exp(b\rho)) = a_d$$

hence

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} N_0 = +\infty$$

#### Conclusion

$\forall (c, b_d) \in \mathbb{R}_+^2$   $\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} N_0 = +\infty$  and  $\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} D_0 = 1$ , hence,

$$\lim_{\rho \rightarrow 0} \overline{\text{CAT}}(\rho) = +\infty \tag{S7}$$